

Mitigating the Impact of Federated Learning on Client Resources

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We bring Federated Learning (FL) to heterogeneous edge networks.

FL operates on
**users' devices and
networks**

FL deals with **more
nodes and slower
networks** than
traditional distributed
learning

Communication and
computation
bottlenecks are
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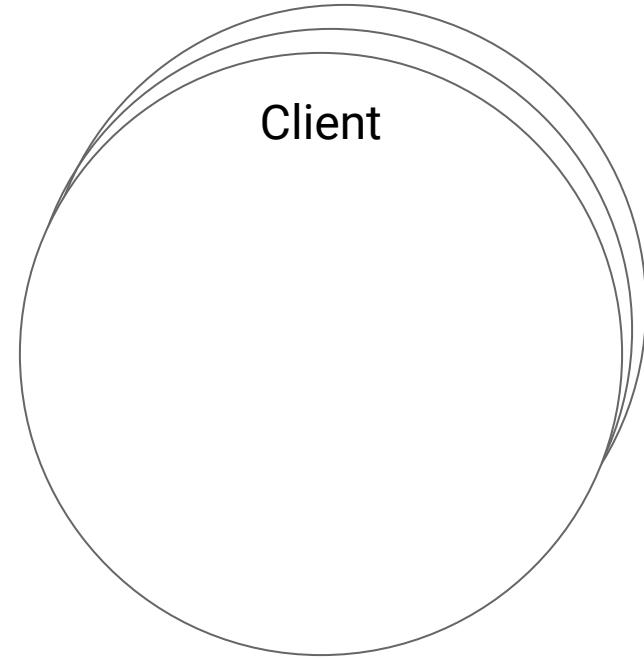
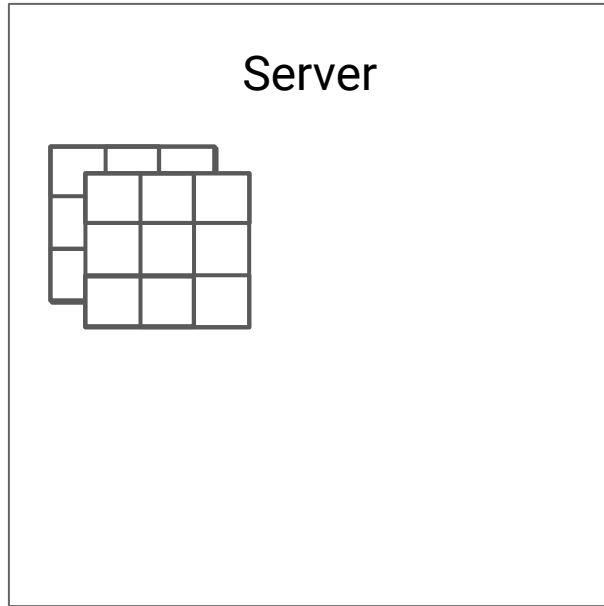
Because resources are
distributed unevenly, **certain
groups of clients will be
systematically excluded.**

We propose strategies that reduce the communication and computation footprint of federated training (FedAvg).

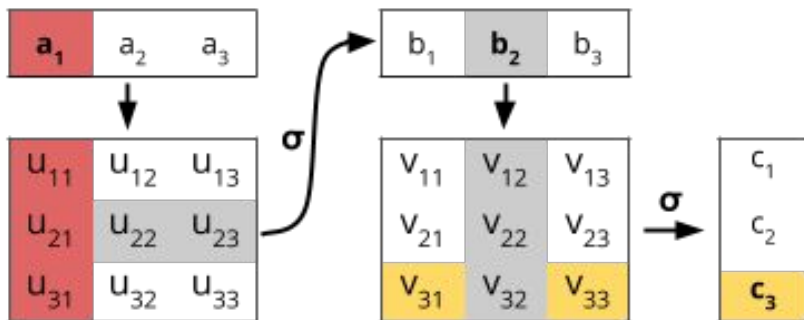
**Locally train
Federated
Submodels**, smaller
subsets of the full
global model.

Lossy compression
on the exchanges
sent from
server-to-client and
client-to-server.

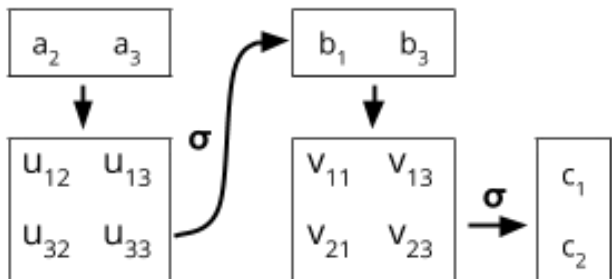
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(i) Original network, with a_1 , b_2 , and c_3 marked for dropout.



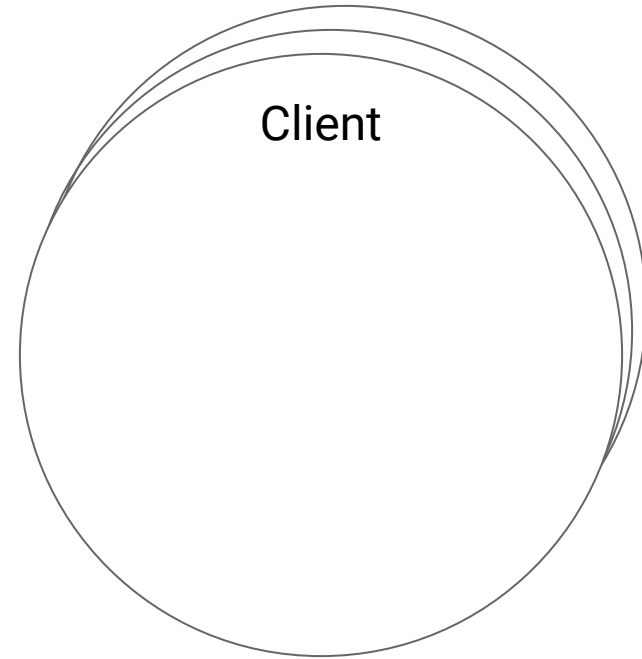
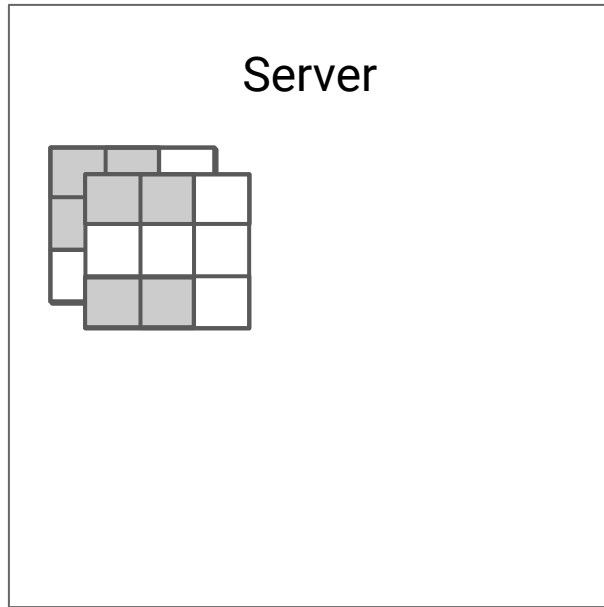
(ii) Federated Submodel



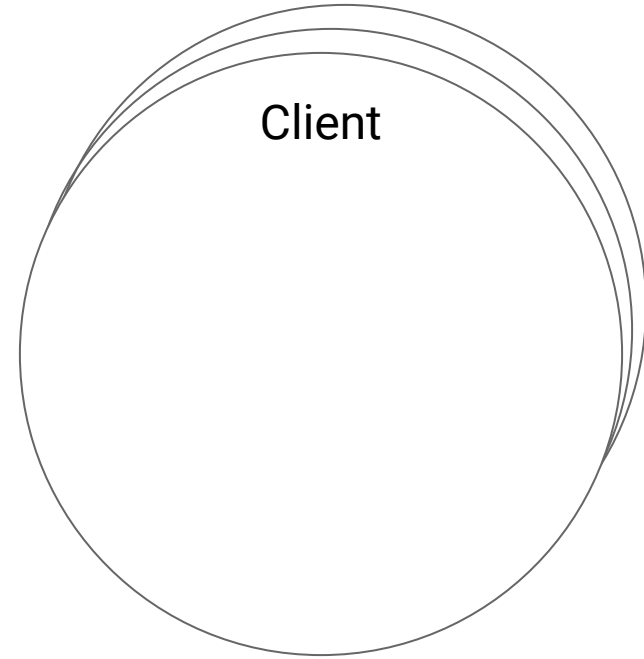
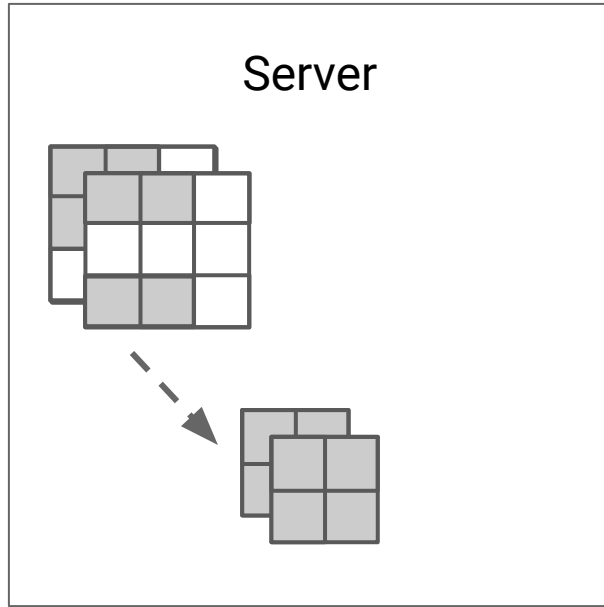
Federated Submodels

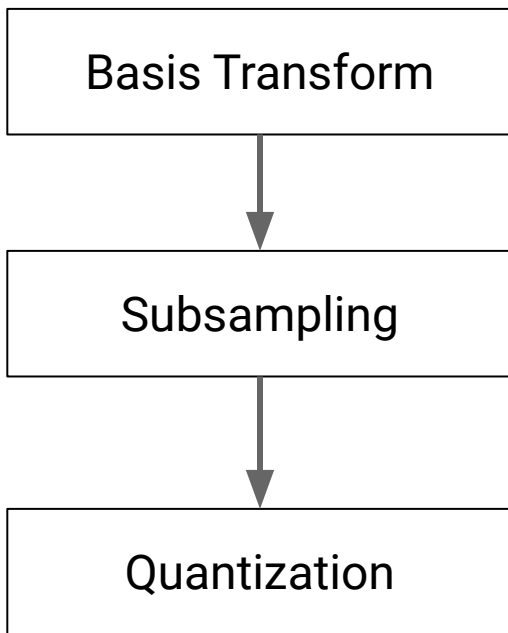
- Each client trains an update to to a subset of the global model.
- For each client, we discard a constant percentage of activations at each fully connected layer.

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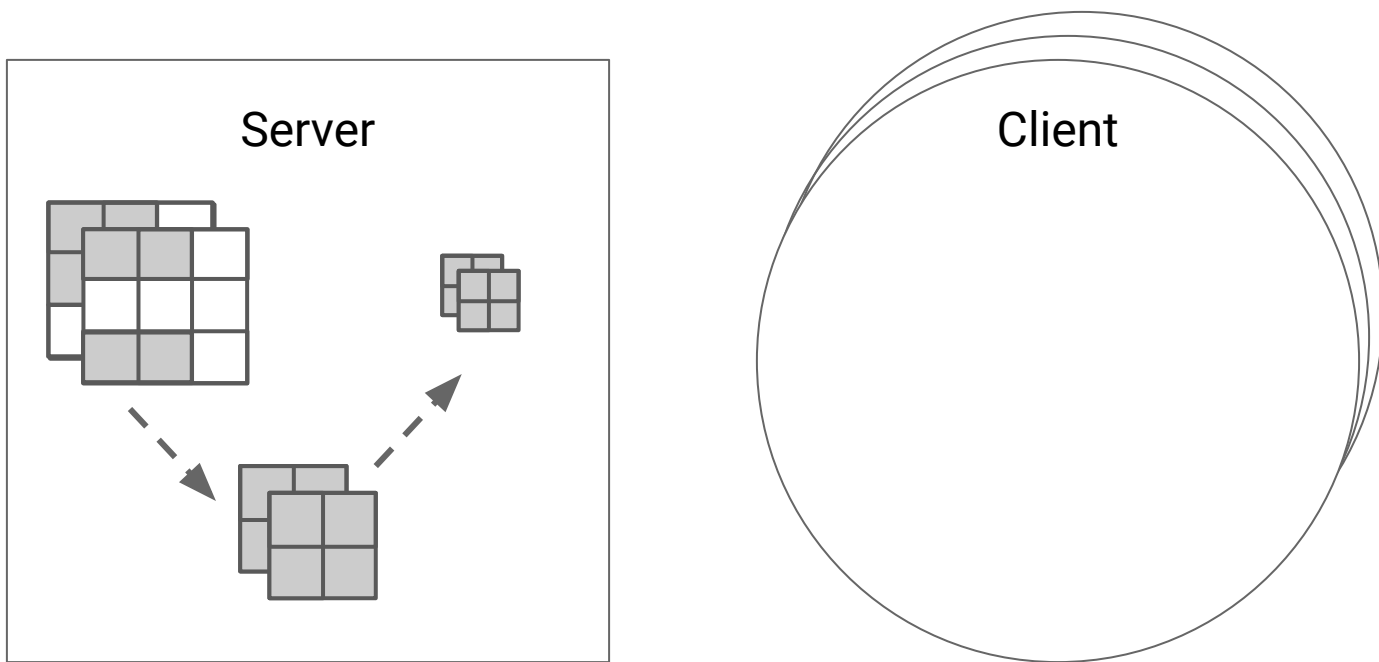




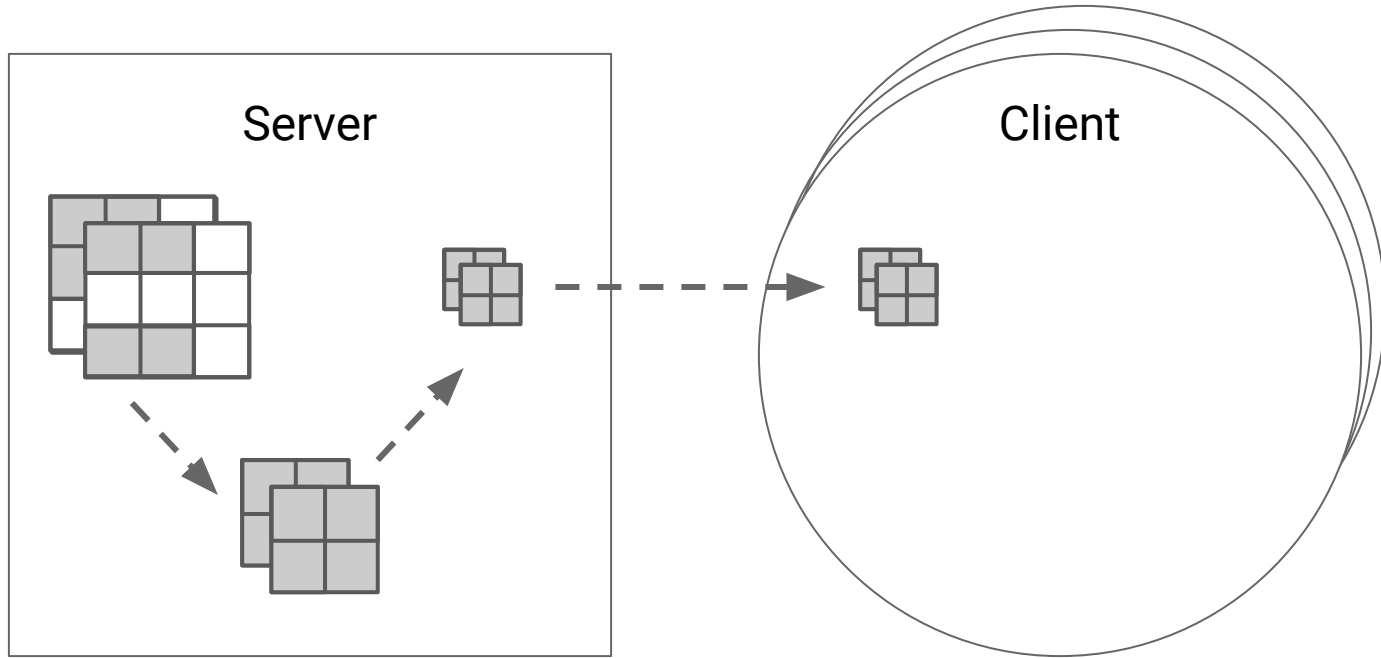
Lossy Compression

- We build upon the work of Konečný et al. (2016), which focuses on compressing gradient updates.
- We use Kashin's representation to further mitigate the error incurred by subsequent quantization.

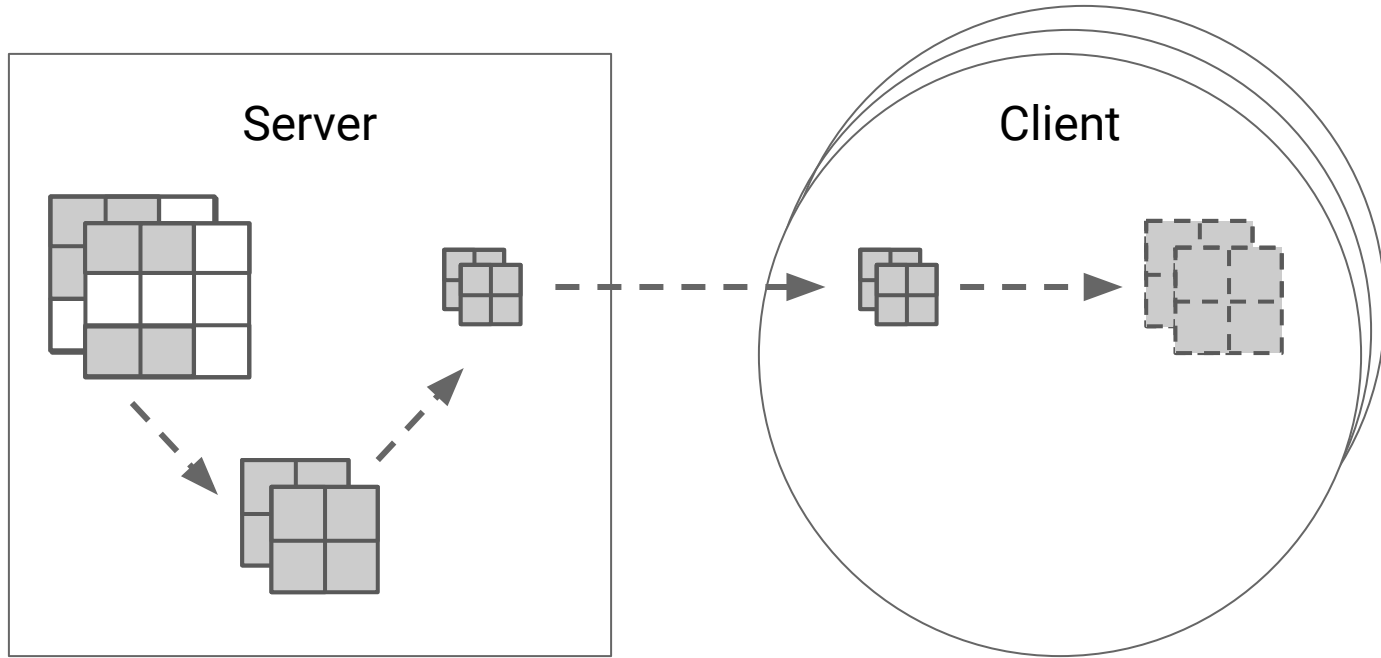
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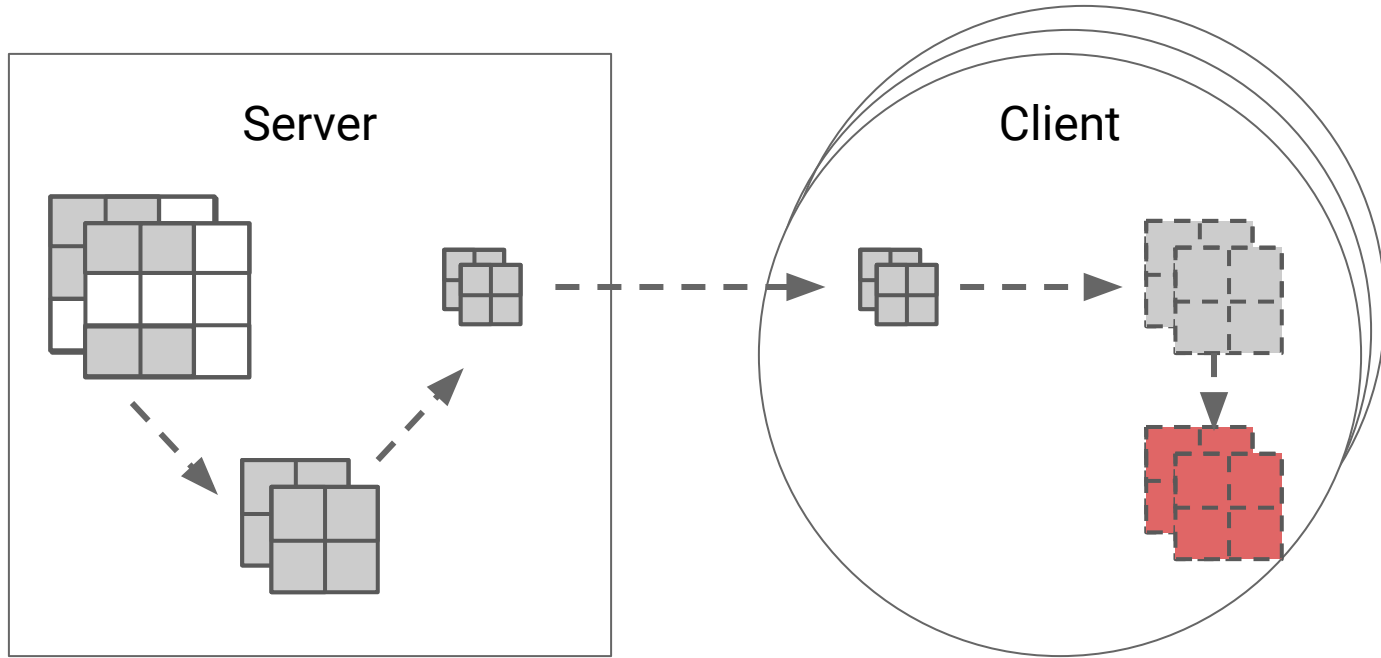
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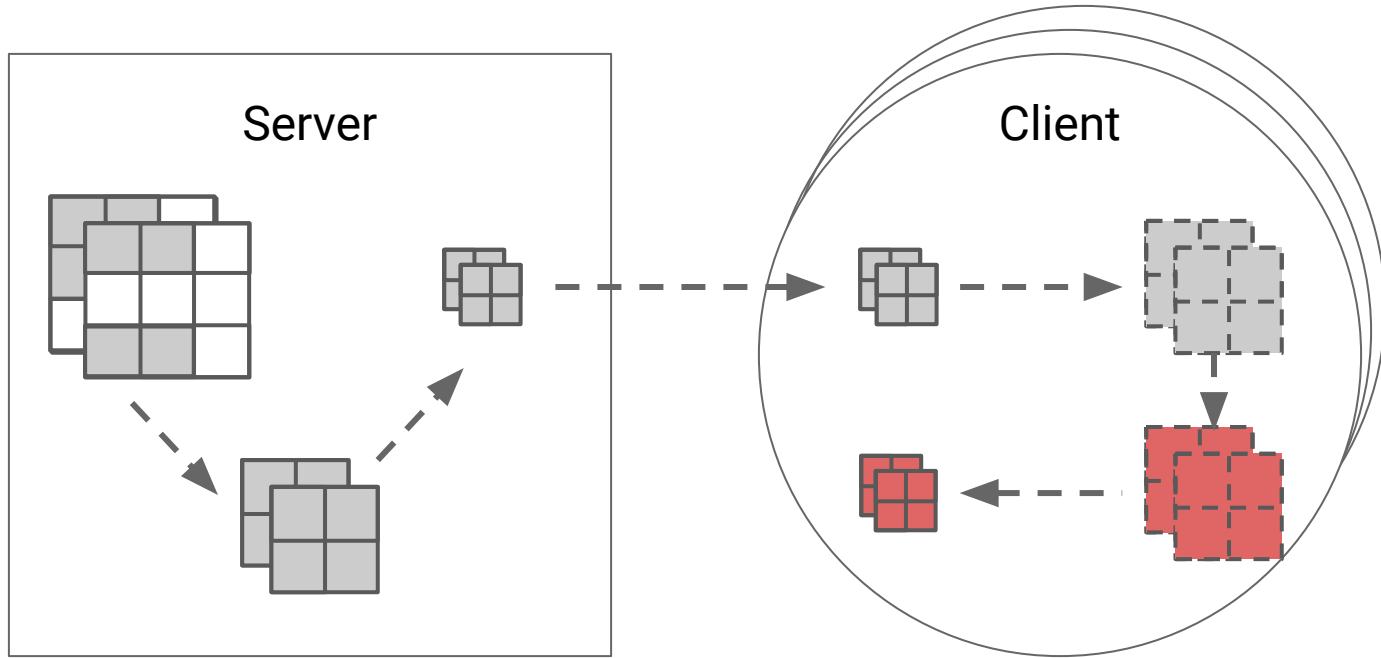
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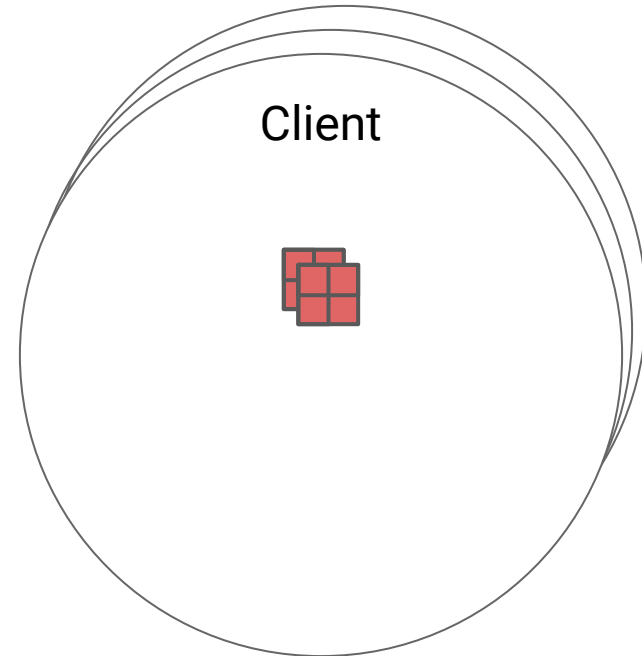
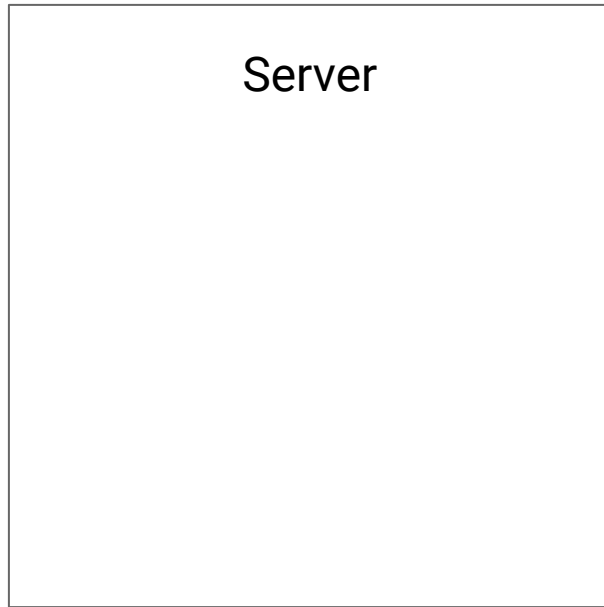
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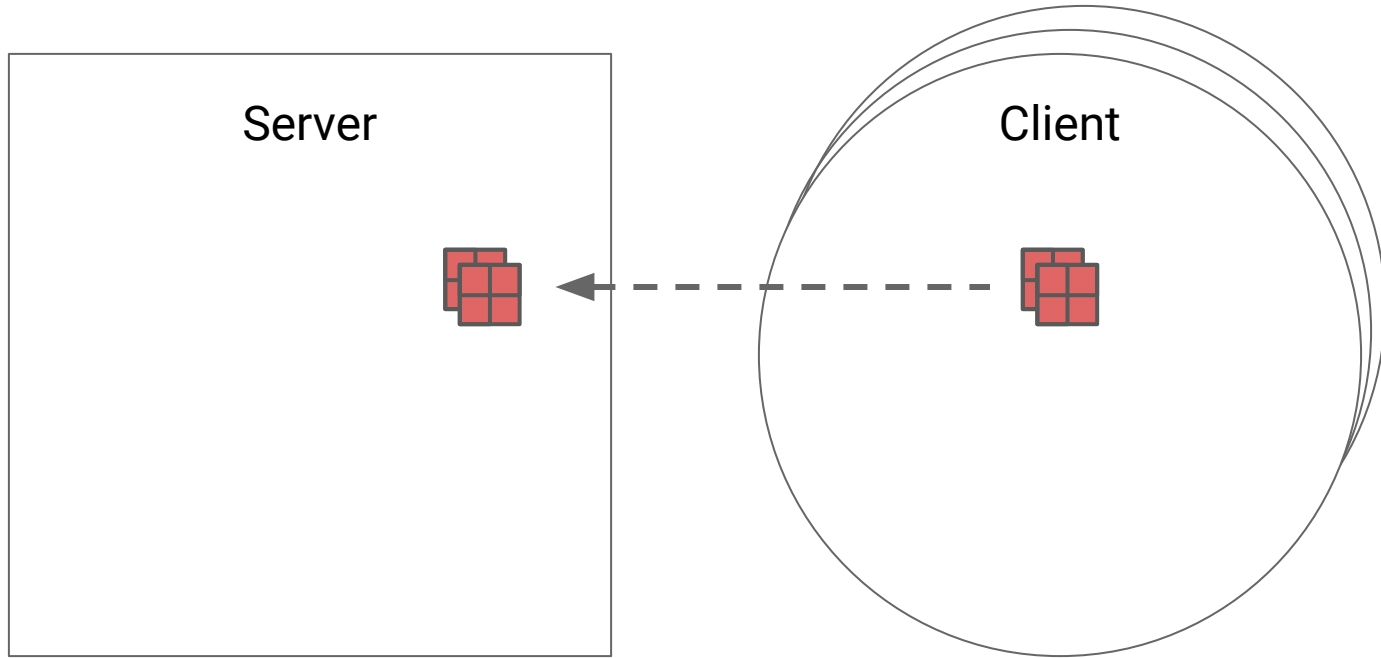
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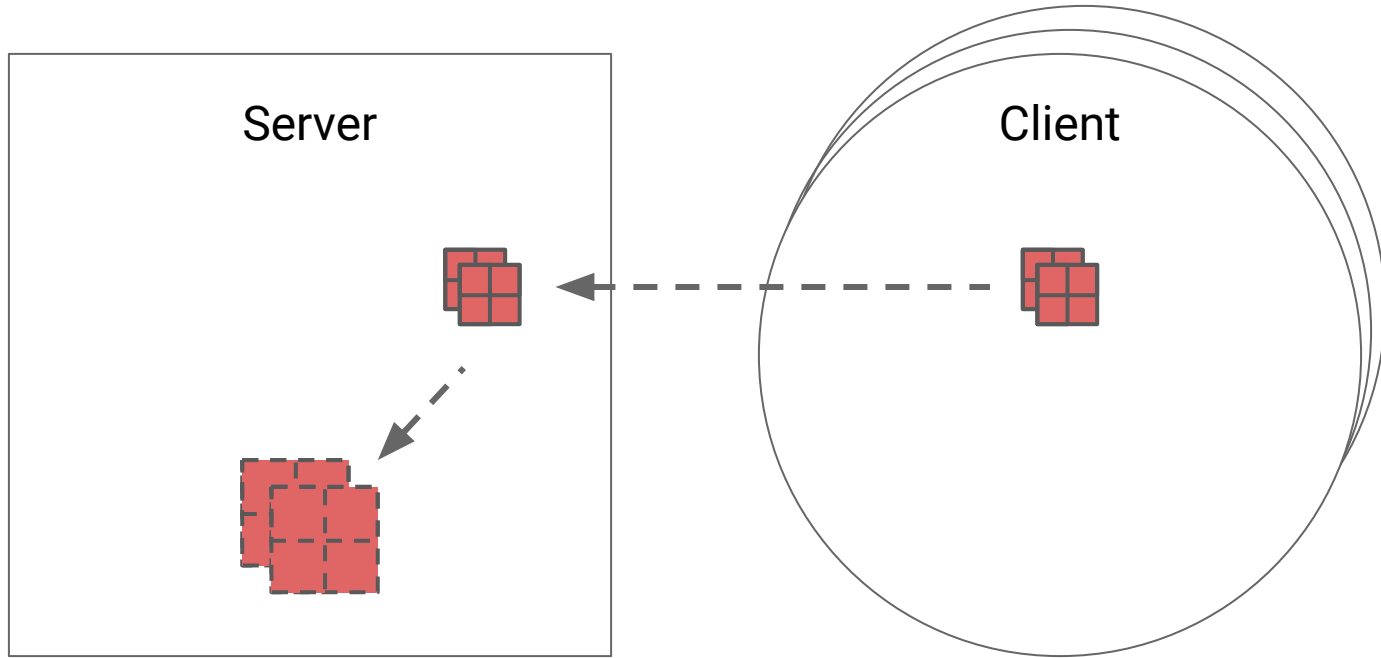
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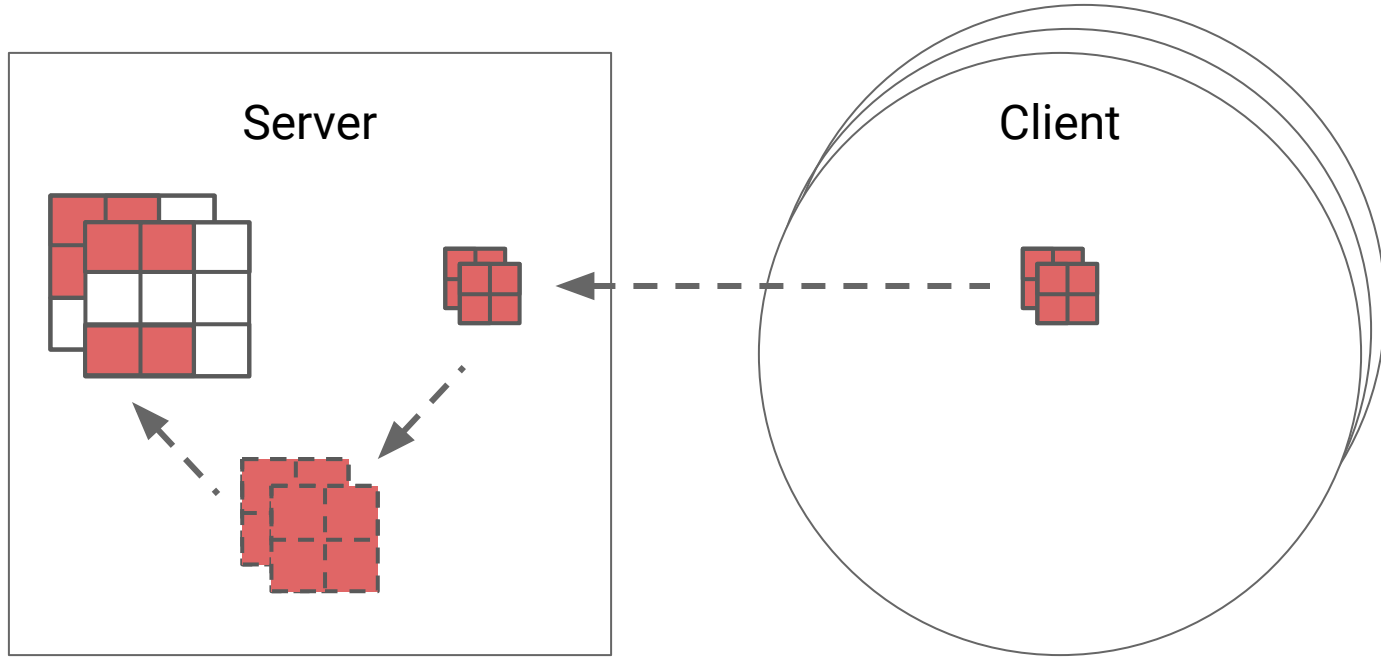
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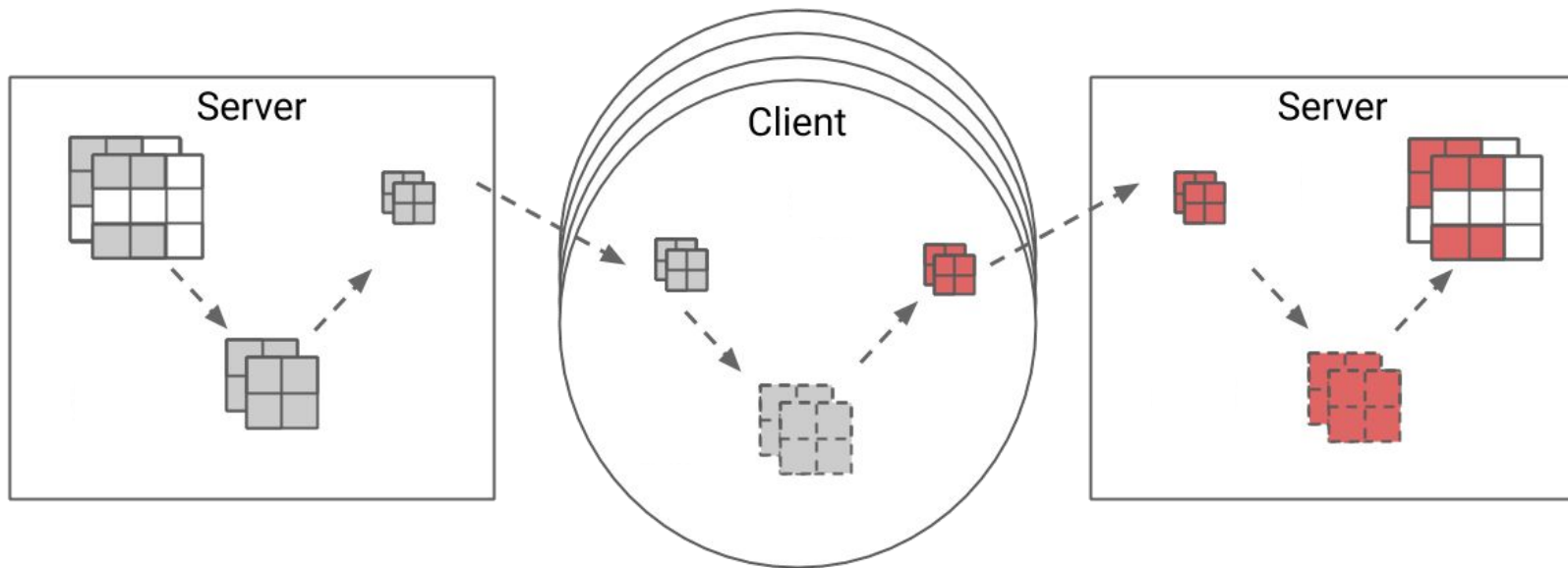
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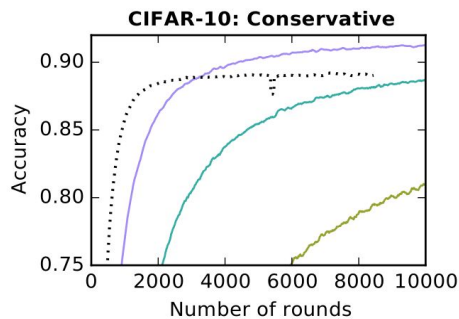
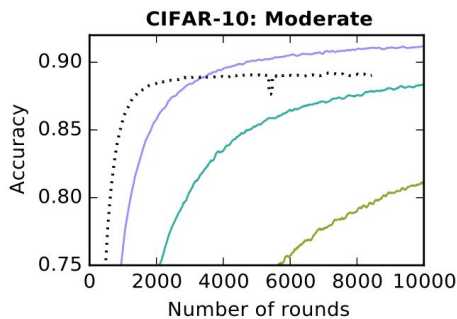
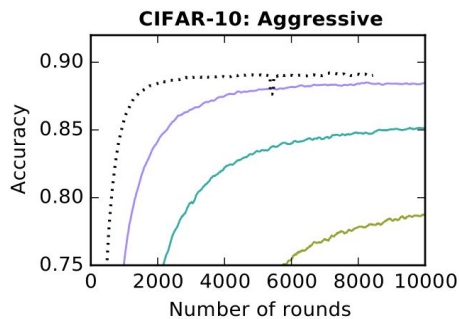
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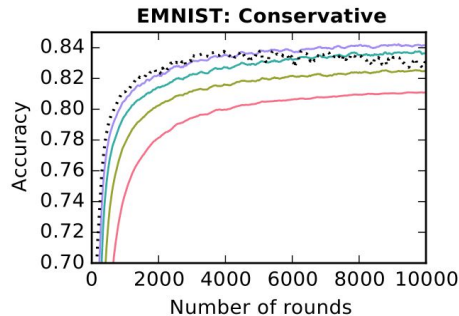
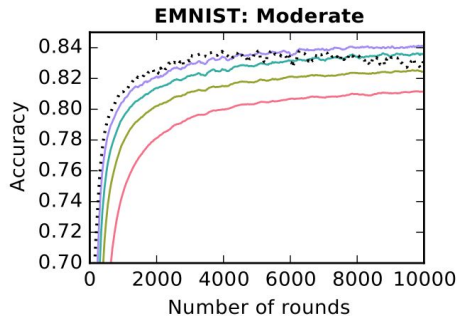
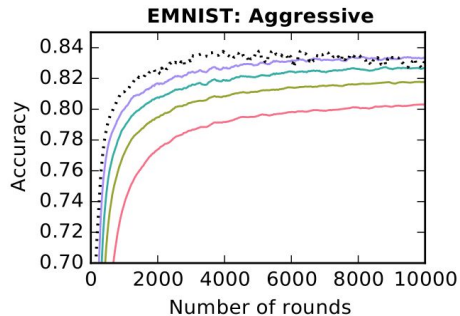
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We empirically show that these approaches are compatible with one another.



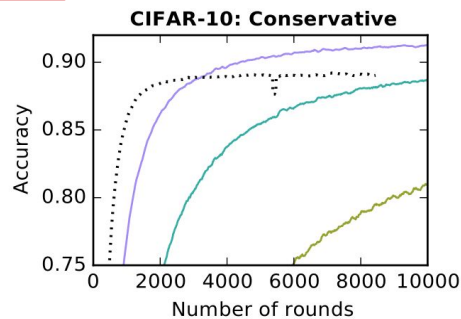
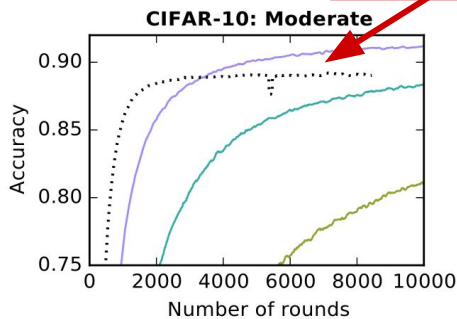
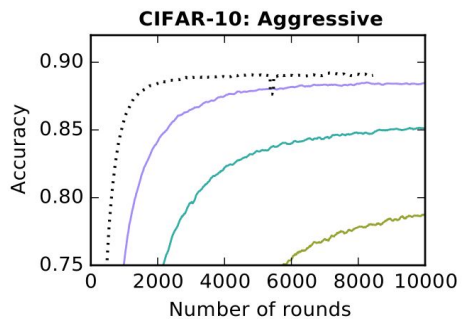
- fed. submodel = 0.500
- fed. submodel = 0.625
- fed. submodel = 0.750
- fed. submodel = 0.875
- no submodel
- no compression



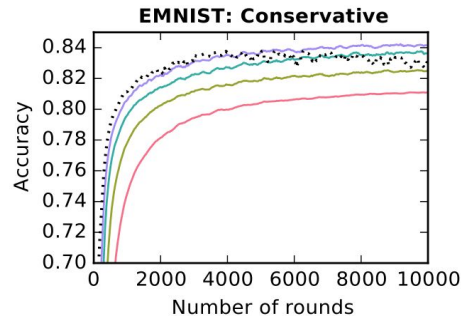
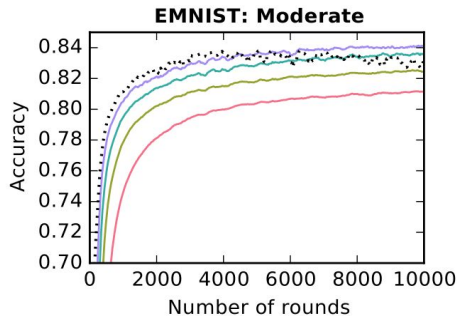
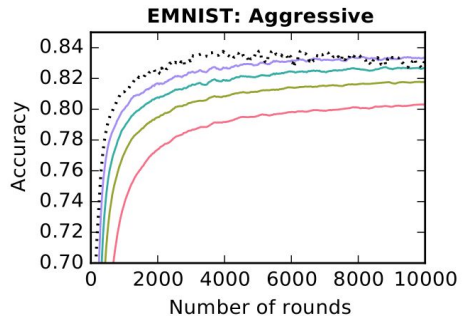
Scheme	Client-to-Server		Server-to-Client
	s	q	q
Aggressive	0.4	2	3
Moderate	0.5	4	5
Conservative	1.0	8	8

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baseline

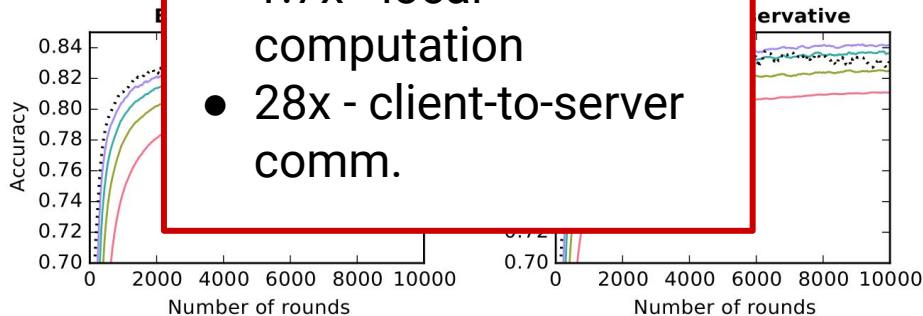
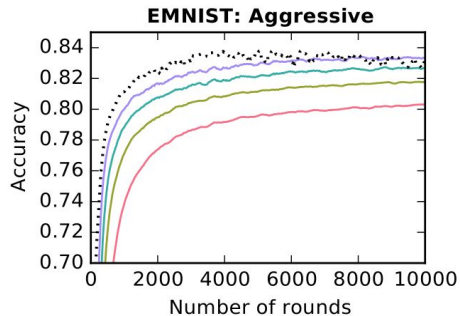
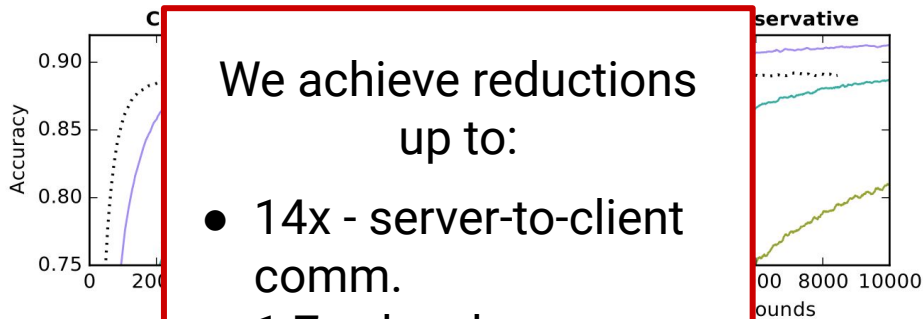
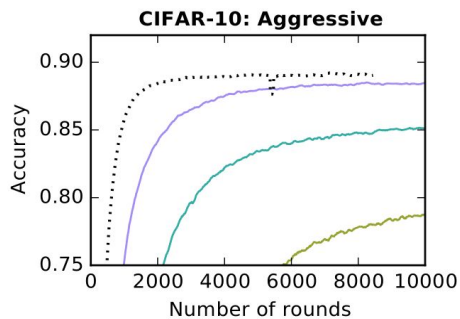


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We achieve reductions up to:

- 14x - server-to-client comm.
- 1.7x - local computation
- 28x - client-to-server comm.

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Takeaways

In brief,

- We bring Federated Learning (FL) to realistic heterogeneous edge networks.
- We develop strategies that reduce the communication and computation footprint of any model.
 - Lossy compression
 - Federated Submodels
- We empirically show that these approaches are compatible with one another.

Thank you



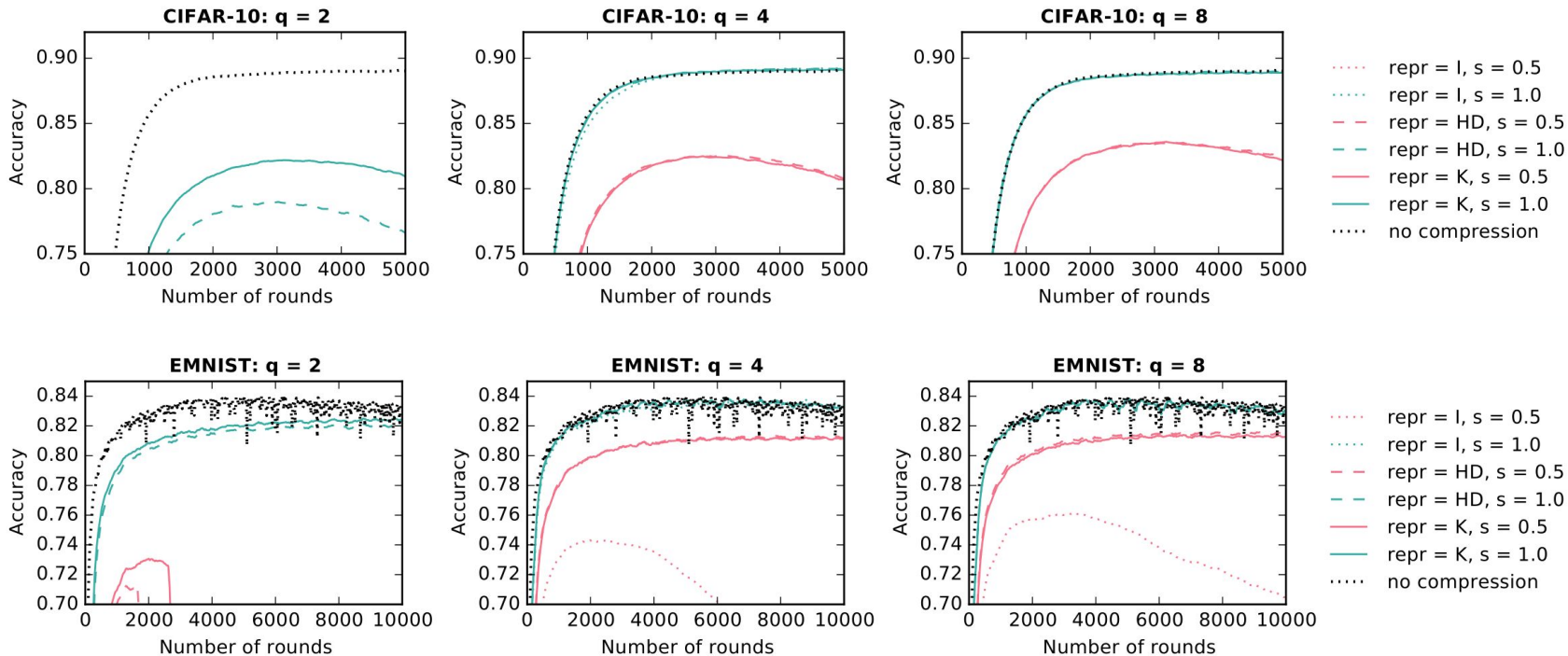
Questions

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Additional Slides

Experiments with only lossy compression



Experiments with only Federated Submodels

